

Weather & Gardening

How do I utilize Weather and Climate information for successful gardening?

Many of the plants we buy contain tags indicating that they are **annual**, **perennial**, **temperate**, or **tropical**. In addition, these tags describe how the plant will respond to weather conditions (temperature, rainfall, wind, light and surrounding structures). While you may not be able to control these conditions,

you can fine tune the location (shady vs. sunny) of the plant that is suggested for the specified zone considering the light, heat and the plant hardiness zone information of your area. This brochure should help you, the gardener, understand how local weather and climate can be utilized for successful gardening.

How does weather affect my garden?



Weather is the ultimate factor determining whether plants will thrive or perish. Temperature, moisture and their extremes have a direct effect on the survival of plants. Climate is the main reason plants favor certain places to grow. Climate is the behavior of the weather which can be described by both average values and extremes over a period of time. Knowing the local climate is a key factor to successful gardening.



WEATHER FORECAST OFFICE
N2788 COUNTY RD FA
LA CROSSE WI 54601



Weather & Gardening

for La Crosse, WI and surrounding areas



NOAA's National Weather Service
Climate Services Program

Weather Forecast Office
N2788 County Rd FA
La Crosse, WI 54601

Phone: (608) 784 - 7294

Web: <http://weather.gov/lacrosse>
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What are the key weather elements for gardening?

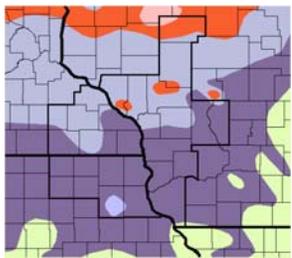
Freezes: Freezing temperatures determine the length of the growing season. Airport (official) temperatures are measured about 5 feet above the ground. As a result light frosts can occur when official temperatures are as high as 36°F. Meanwhile killing frosts are likely when the temperature falls to 28°F. The following table provides the probabilities of these temperatures occurring and the length of frost/freeze-free days in the **La Crosse area**.



La Crosse, WI Frost/Freeze Data *				
		Probability		
		10%	50%	90%
Spring (Latest Occurrence)	36°F	May 24	May 10	Apr 26
	32°F	May 14	Apr 27	Apr 10
	28°F	Apr 29	Apr 15	Apr 1
Autumn (Earliest Occurrence)	36°F	Sep 20	Sep 30	Oct 11
	32°F	Sep 24	Oct 9	Oct 23
	28°F	Oct 5	Oct 20	Nov 5
# of Frost/Freeze Free Days	36°F	159	142	126
	32°F	184	164	144
	28°F	210	188	166

* National Climatic Data Center's (NCDC) *Climatology of the United States No. 20 1971-2000.*

When selecting perennial plants for your garden, insure they will survive the winter by utilizing the United States Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Plant Hardiness Zone Map. This map factors in average winter minimum temperatures.



Plant Hardiness Zone	Average Annual Minimum Temp (°F)
3a	-35 to -40
3b	-30 to -35
4a	-25 to -30
4b	-20 to -25
5a	-15 to -20

USDA Plant Hardiness Zones

The **La Crosse area is located in Zones 4a and 4b**, where the minimum winter temperatures are normally between -20°F and -30°F. **The coldest temperature ever recorded in the La Crosse area was -43°F on January 18, 1873. The coldest temperature in recent times is -36°F on February 3, 1996.** See the following web site for further information on the USDA plant Hardiness zones:

<http://www.usna.usda.gov/Hardzone/hzm-nm1.html>

Heat: Extreme heat stresses plants and can even result in their demise. The American Horticultural Society (AHS) determined Heat Zones based on the average number of days per year with temperatures greater than 85°F. Many plants have this information on their tags, so choose a plant which is suitable to your location.



La Crosse averages 32 days a year in which the temperature exceeds 85°F. This places La Crosse in the lower end Plant Heat Zone 5 (>30 to 45 days). Gardeners on the bluff tops surrounding La Crosse are in Plant Heat Zone 4 (>14 to 30 days). See the following web site for further information on the AHS Plant Heat Zones:

http://www.ahs.org/publications/heat_zone_map.htm

Wind: Transpiration from the plants and evaporation from the soil causes significant moisture loss. Since wind enhances evaporation and transpiration, on a hot day the wind will increase water needs, which could dehydrate the plant.



Knowing the average wind speed and direction in your local area can help you plan for better gardening. You can reduce the air circulation by building fences and planting hedges. **The annual average wind for the La Crosse area is 9 mph**

from the south. For day-to-day information, you can make a more informed decision by consulting the National Weather Service web site for current conditions as well as the forecast for areas in and around the **La Crosse area**:

<http://weather.gov/lacrosse>

Moisture: Plant tissues must contain enough water to keep their cells active. Some plants may be advertised as drought-tolerant, but no plant can survive becoming completely dry. Too much water can cut off the oxygen supply to the roots. Knowing the local seasonal rainfall averages and soil types can help determine which plants may need additional watering, or special planting requirements to avoid over watering.



The La Crosse area receives an average of 32.36 inches of precipitation annually. The image below provides a monthly breakdown of this precipitation.

La Crosse, WI
Monthly Average Precipitation
(1971-2000)

